



SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH Department of Nutrition



# Individual lipids & risk of T2D

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www.unav.es/preventiva
www.predimed.es

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## **Overview**

- Case-cohort design
- Outcome: type 2 diabetes
- 206 lipids:
  - 10 lysophosphatidylcholines
  - 24 phosphatidylcholines
  - 15 phosphatidylcholine plasmalogens
  - 1 hydroxy-phosphatidylcholine
  - 8 lysophosphatidylethanolamines
  - 12 phosphatidylethanolamines
  - 13 phosphatidylethanolamine plasmalogens
  - 2 phosphatidylinosotols
  - 2 phosphatidylserines

- 3 phosphatidylserine plasmalogens
- sphingosine
- palmithoylethanolamine
- 4 ceramides
- 11 sphingomyelins
- 13 cholesterol esters
- 4 monoacylglycerols
- 14 diacylglycerols
- 67 triacylglycerols
- cholesterol

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Analysis 1:
Intervention → 1-y changes
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Analysis 2:
Intervention group and change in acyl chain # of carbon

atoms and # of double bonds

• Analysis 3:

Baseline metabolites (# double bonds & # C atoms)→ T2D

• Analysis 4:

1-y changes (Blom's transformation) → T2D

# Analysis 1: Intervention → 1-y changes

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## Analysis 1: Intervention $\rightarrow$ 1-y changes

- Baseline lipid concentrations were inversely normally transformed according to Blom's method
- Change in the lipid concentrations were inversely normally transformed according to Blom's method
- Linear regression models:
  - Normally transformed change as dependent variable
  - Intervention group as independent term (2 dummies)
  - Adjusted for baseline lipid peaks.

## Significant differences in 1-year changes MedDiet+EVOO group vs. control

Direct association	Inverse association
	Phosphatidylcholine (34:4)
	Phosphatidylcholine (36:4)b
	Phosphatidylcholine (38:4)
	Sphingomyeline (16:1)

#### Significant differences in 1-year changes MedDiet+nuts group vs. control

**Direct association Inverse association** Phosphatidylinositol (34:0) Phosphatidylcholine (34:1) Palmithoylethanolamide Phosphatidylcholine (36:4)b DAG (34:3) Phosphatidylcholine (36:1) Phosphatidylcholine (38:4) Phosphatidylcholine (38:3) Phosphatidylcholine plasmalogen (34:2) Phosphatidylcholine plasmalogen (38:7) Phosphatidylcholine plasmalogen (38:4) Phosphatidylserine plasmalogen (36:1)

#### Significant differences in T-year changes MedDiet+nuts group vs. control

**Direct association Inverse association** Ceramide (16:0) Cholesterol ester (16:1) Cholesterol ester (20:3) Cholesterol ester (22:5) TAG (44:0) TAG (46:1) TAG (48:2) TAG (56:4) TAG (56:3)

# Analysis 2: Intervention → 1-y changes

# Analysis 2: Intervention group and change in acyl chain # of carbon atoms and # of double bonds

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## Analysis 2: Intervention group and change in acyl chain # of carbon atoms and # of double bonds

- Blom's transformation for baseline lipid peak and lipid peak change
- Regression model with lipid change as dependent variable and intervention group as independent terms (control as reference) and adjusted for baseline lipid peak
- Metarregression to assess if the acyl chains' number of carbon atoms and double bonds could explain the effect of the intervention

#### MedDiet+EVOO

VS.

#### Control



#### **MedDiet+nuts**

VS.

#### Control



# Analysis 1: Intervention → 1-y changes

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 Intervention group and change in acyl chain # of carbon atoms and # of double bonds

# Analysis 3: Baseline metabolites (# double bonds & # C atoms) → T2D

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● 1-y changes (Blom's transformation) → T2D

## Analysis 3: Baseline metabolites (# double bonds & # C atoms)→ T2D

- Normal inverse transformation of the baseline lipid
- Weighted Cox regression models to assess the association between the transformed lipid and the subsequent risk of T2D(years 0 to 5)
- Representation based on the # double bonds and the # C atoms
- Models adjusted for age (cont.), sex, smoking status (3 categ.), BMI (cont.), family history of CVD, leisure-time physical activity, educational level (2 categ.)











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Analysis 1:
Intervention → 1-y changes
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Analysis 2:
 Intervention group and change in acyl chain # of carbon atoms and # of double bonds

Analysis 3:
Baseline metabolites (# double bonds & # C atoms)→ T2D

Analysis 4:
 ●1-y changes (Blom's transformation) → T2D

## Analysis 4: 1-y changes (Blom's transformation) → T2D

• Change was inversely normally transformed (Blom's method)

- Weighted Cox regression models to assess the association between the change (year1-year0) and the subsequent risk of T2D(years 2 to 5)
- Representation based on the # double bonds and the # C atoms
- Models adjusted for baseline lipid peak (cont.), age (cont.), sex, smoking status (3 categ.), BMI (cont.), family history of CVD, leisuretime physical activity, educational level (2 categ.)



Models adjusted for baseline lipid peak (cont.) age (cont.), sex, smoking status (3 categ.), BMI (cont.), family history of CVD, leisure-time physical activity, educational level (2 categ.)





Models adjusted for baseline lipid peak (cont.) age (cont.), sex, smoking status (3 categ.), BMI (cont.), family history of CVD, leisure-time physical activity, educational level (2 categ.)







Models adjusted for baseline lipid peak (cont.) age (cont.), sex, smoking status (3 categ.), BMI (cont.), family history of CVD, leisure-time physical activity, educational level (2 categ.)





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Baseline metabolites (# double bonds & # C atoms)→ T2D

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## **THANK YOU!**





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